



THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460

DEC 15 2014

MEMORANDUM

SUBJECT: Anti-Harassment Policy Statement

FROM: Gina McCarthy

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Gina McCarthy", is written over the "FROM:" line.

TO: All Employees

I want to reaffirm the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency's commitment to prohibit harassment of any kind, as clearly stated in our agency's anti-harassment policy. Harassment is unlawful when it is directed at an individual because of a lawfully protected basis and is sufficiently severe or pervasive that it creates a hostile work environment or takes the form of a tangible employment action. It is EPA policy to ensure that appropriate measures are implemented to prevent harassment, either sexual or nonsexual, in the workplace and to correct harassing conduct before it becomes severe or pervasive. EPA policy also strictly prohibits any retaliation against an employee who reports a concern about workplace harassment or assists in any inquiry about such a report.

For the purposes of this policy, unlawful harassment is defined as any unwelcome verbal or physical conduct based on race; color; sex, including pregnancy and gender identity/expression; national origin; religion; age; prior protected Equal Employment Opportunity activity; protected genetic information; sexual orientation or status as a parent when:

- the behavior can reasonably be considered to adversely affect the work environment; or
- an employment decision affecting the employee is based upon the employee's acceptance or rejection of such conduct.

Sexual harassment can be either a form of harassment based on a person's sex that need not involve conduct of a sexual nature or harassment involving any unwelcome sexual advance, request for sexual favors or other verbal or physical conduct of a sexual nature when:

- submission to such conduct is made explicitly or implicitly a term or condition of an employee's job, pay or career;
- submission to or rejection of such conduct by an employee is used as a basis for career or employment decisions affecting that employee; or
- such conduct has the purpose or effect of unreasonably interfering with an employee's performance or creates an intimidating, hostile or offensive environment.

Sexual harassment need not involve members of the opposite sex and can be perpetrated by and against members of either sex.

Examples of workplace harassment include:

- Oral or written communications that contain offensive name calling, jokes, slurs, negative stereotyping, hostility or threats. This includes comments or jokes that are distasteful or targeted at individuals or members of the lawfully protected bases set forth above.
- Nonverbal conduct, such as staring, leering and giving inappropriate gifts.
- Physical conduct, such as assault or unwanted touching.
- Visual images, such as derogatory or offensive pictures, cartoons or drawings. Such prohibited images include those in hard copy or electronic form.

The EPA does not permit harassment by or against anyone in the workplace. This includes any employee, applicant for EPA employment, grantee, contractor, Senior Environmental Employment enrollee or Federal Advisory Committee Act member. Workplace harassment should be reported immediately by the affected person to a first-line supervisor, a higher-level supervisor or manager in her or his chain of command, the Office of Inspector General or Labor and Employee Relations staff, as appropriate. Supervisors, in consultation with their human resources or legal offices, must conduct prompt, thorough and impartial inquiries.

If necessary and to the extent possible, measures must be taken to safeguard the anonymity of employees who file complaints. If management, in consultation with legal counsel, determines that harassment has occurred, it must be corrected as soon as possible. Harassing conduct by EPA employees need not rise to the level of unlawful harassment for it to constitute misconduct subject to corrective or disciplinary action.

In addition, EPA employees or applicants for employment may also use the complaint process established by the U.S. Equal Employment Opportunity Commission to file a complaint of harassment based on race, color, sex, religion, national origin, age, disability, prior protected EEO activity and protected genetic information for individual redress. To invoke that process, EPA employees and applicants must contact an EEO counselor within 45 days of an alleged incident of harassment. Reporting harassment to a supervisor in accordance with the previous paragraph does not satisfy this requirement and does not invoke the EEOC's process. EPA employees or applicants for employment may also report harassment based on sexual orientation and status as a parent to the EPA Office of Civil Rights.

Should you have any questions or need additional information about this policy, please contact the EPA Office of Human Resources at (202) 564-4646 or the EPA Office of Civil Rights at (202) 564-7272. Additional resources are available by visiting intranet.epa.gov/civilrights/lawsandstatus.htm.